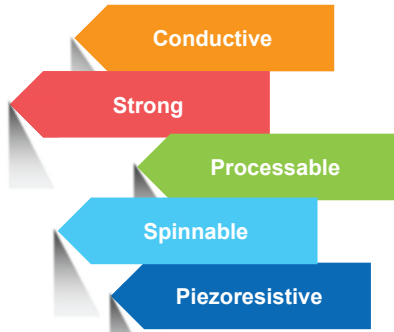


- Core Objectives**
- Produce electrically conductive carbon nanotube wrapped textile yarns
 - Design and develop smart textiles with multifunctional properties

WHY CNT IN E-TEXTILES?

Characteristics



Background

- E-textiles is thriving, and expected compound annual growth rate (CAGR) is 32% by 2023
- High demand for flexible and soft electronics
- Easy processability of conductive yarn to integrate into textiles
- Development of internet of thing and demand for connected devices

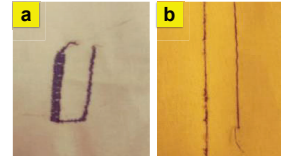
Industry Expectations of E-textiles

- Design flexibility and effortless shaping
- Textile processable by existing techniques
- Aesthetic appeal and comfort
- Wash durability

- Significant Achievement**
- Successfully produced flexible, and strong carbon nanotube yarns
 - Developed multifunctional smart textiles using the conductive yarns

DIFFERENT TEXTILE STRUCTURES

a) Integration within Textiles



b) Direct Assembly into Textiles

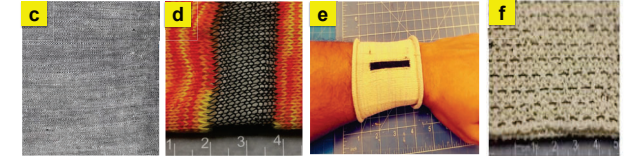


Figure: Different methods of producing CNT wrapped yarn-based smart textiles: a) Embroidering b) sewing c) weaving d) circular knitting e) whole garment knitting f) inlay knit

SMART TEXTILE APPLICATIONS

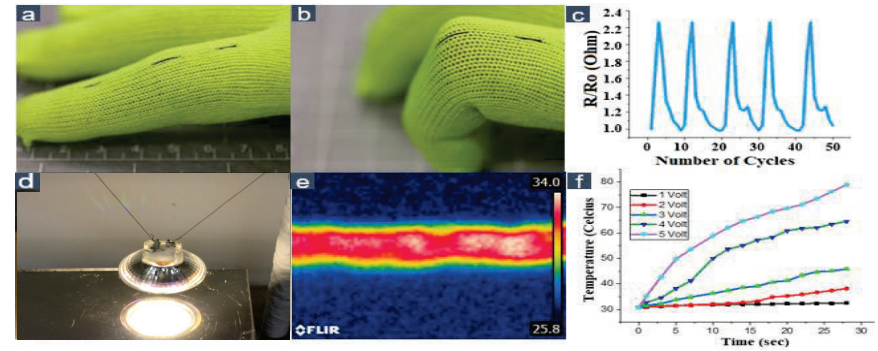


Figure: Smart textile applications a-c) motion sensing d) power transfer e-f) heat generation

Body motion sensing:

- Motion sensing of a single CNT wrapped textile yarn was successfully demonstrated. When the finger was bent, the relative resistance changed rapidly and returned under relaxation of the finger (Fig. a-c)

Power transmission:

- The developed yarn was used for transferring power of 12V (Fig. d)

Heat Generating garments:

- The knitted specimen generated heat quickly and reached skin temperature in less than a minute at 2V showing the potential for low power thermotherapy

CNT WRAPPED YARNS

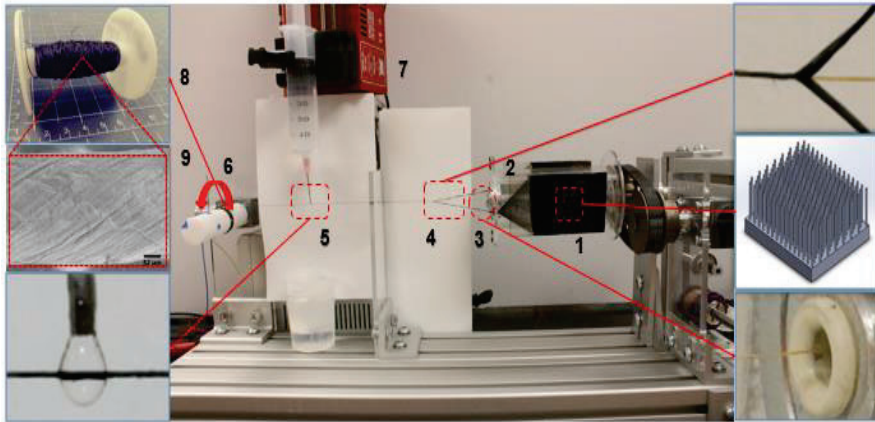


Figure: Spinning process 1. Vertically aligned CNT 2. CNT sheet, 3. Core yarn insertion, 4. CNT wrapping, 5. TPU coating, 6. Winding, 7. Syringe pump, 8. Yarn spool, 9. SEM image of yarn

MORPHOLOGY OF YARNS

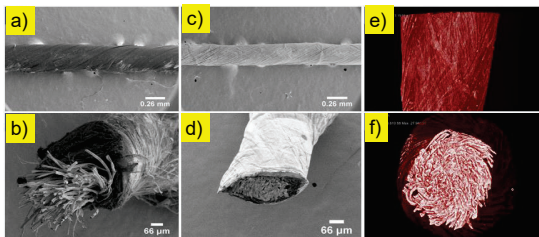


Figure: SEM and Nano X-ray images of the yarns: a) CNT-Cotton b) Cross-section of CNT-Cotton c) CNT-Cotton-TPU d) Cross-section of CNT-Cotton-TPU Nano X-ray of CNT-Cotton-TPU: e) Longitudinal f) Cross-section

The core yarn was wrapped by CNT to make it conductive and TPU coating removed the yarn hairiness

CONCLUSIONS

- Successfully developed a simple production method of electrically conductive CNT wrapped textile yarns which is highly flexible and strong for textile processing
 - The CNT wrapped yarn was successfully integrated into textiles by sewing and embroidering
 - The yarn was successfully processed into woven and knitted structures for smart textile applications such as body movement tracking, power transmission/interconnects and heating
- Next Plan:**
- Understanding structure-property relationship and their impact on smart textile applications
 - Modification of the CNTs using nanomaterials to develop dry electrode for wearable electrocardiography and energy storage applications